Changes in Consumer Perspective towards Discount at Brick-and-Mortar Stores owing to Emergence of Online Store Format in India

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ABSTRACT

End-of-season sale (EOSS) has been one of the most important long duration sales promotion/discountingevents for brick-and-mortar retailers and consumers in India. But, ever since the online retailing format has emerged in India, consumers now have wider options available for them to buy a product at a discounted price and notably, as online stores in India are following the product discounting as one of the key drivers for consumer acquisition, consumers' perspective towards discount at brick-and-mortar store is expected to have changed. This change in consumers' perspective has put the majority of brick-and-mortar retailers in India into a quandary and they are losing out their market share slowly to online retailers. In this research, authors have attempted to investigate; (a) proof, (b) pattern, (c) magnitude, (d) significance and (e) impact of this change in perspective towards discount across stakeholders and transpired the research outcomes into suggestions to enable brick-and-mortar retailers to design appropriate sales promotions.

Keywords: Discount, End-of-season sale, Brick-and-mortar store, Offline store, Physical store, Consumer perspective, Online store, Sales promotion.

1. INTRODUCTION :

The e-commerce retailing format undoubtedly making a paradigm shift in the way retailing is done in India. This new retailing format, ecommerce is projected to grow to 62.3 billion US\$ by the year 2023which is at32.34 billion US\$ in the year 2019. Such a significant increase in the market share is attributed mostly to the rapidly increasing penetration of smartphones and internet users. This ongoing change in penetration is projected to increase the total internet user base to 657.8 million by the year 2023which is at 553.7 million as of the year 2019 in India. Share of buyers using ecommerce retailing format in India is expected to increase to 50.03 percent by the year 2020 which is at23.55 percent as of the year 2016 (Statista)[1].The overall market size of the Indian Retail industry which is at 950 billion US\$ in the year 2018 might cross 1.1 trillion US\$ by the year 2020(IBEF)[2].

E-commerce has been able to expand its market consistently in India. Owing to this new retailing format consumers now have the widest product assortment offered to them at discounted prices. E-commerce retailing format has probably crosseda key milestone in revolutionizing Indian retail market, and this trend is expected to continue for many more years. As per one IBEF's December 2019 [2] report on Indian retailing, it is noted that the union government of India is also working on various ways to boost consumption in the rural market of India and ecommerce would play an important role in achieving this. The forecast also indicates that ecommerce retailing will be able to capture 7 percent of the overall Indian retail market by 2021.

In such a short period e-commerce retailing format in India reached to around 3 percent of overall Indian retail market. Growth rate is more than double as compared to the brick-and-mortar stores. Available literature indicates to key reasons for this as being capable of building the trust of the consumers in online stores, they have successfully established their brands in the minds of the online shoppers through their 365 days discounts, deals, and low-price strategies. Even though it is very hard to build a sustainable business model using strategies mainly based on price wars, it is inevitable that the Brick-andmortar stores in India will have to ascertain specific strategies head-on to deal with this increasing loss of market share to online stores. Up till the emergence of online stores in India, Brick-and-mortar retailers were following a season and occasion driven sale promotions prominently known as end-of-season sale and festive sale which accounted for close to 40 percent of their annual revenue. But, post the emergence of online stores in India, the majority of brick-and-mortar retailers in India are bewildered with continuous discounts, deals, sale promotion events, coupons being offered by the online stores throughout the year and they are not able to design appropriate sales promotion programmes.

2. LITERATUREREVIEW :

We have noted that for many choices of store format was and is one of the important research subjects among many researchers beginning from the 70's of the 20th century. The authors of many of earlier studies - among others: Monroe

&Guiltinan (1975) [3], Arnold, Oum&Tigert (1983) [4], Mason, Durand & Taylor (1983) [5], Keng& Ehrenberg (1984) [6], Louviere & Gaeth (1987) [7], Spiggle& Sewall (1987) [8], Dawson, Bloch & Ridgway (1990) [9], Burke et al. (1992) [10], Arnold, Handelman & Tigert (1996) [11], have studied to rationalize store choice using different approaches, models and frameworks with respect to internal and external factors to the consumer such as (a) store attribute. (b) situational factors. (c) consumers' households, (d) consumers' demographics, (e) consumers' shopping patterns, (f) consumers' attitudes toward stores, (g) implied importance and (h) weightage of price levels. It is also noted that most of the above said studies were carried on same store formats (supermarkets and discount stores).

There also exist some studies examining the influence of retail pricing formats on shopping behaviour (Bell, Ho & Tang, 1998 [12]), often if one store format has in general higher prices than the other one.

Shim et al. (2000) [13], using consumer's shopping behavioural intentions, established the size of three market segments (primarily Internet shopper, product-situation specific crossshopper and primarily store-oriented shopper markets) for both the cognitive and sensory experiential product categories. One of the key recommendations from the researchers was that the retailers and mall developers should understand the greater importance of social influence on online shoppers and crossshoppers, as compared to traditional store shoppers. Perhaps a competitive strategy could be utilized whereby promotions portray aspirational and/or peer members of Internet consumers describing their positive experiences as mall patrons.

Peter and Olson (2002) [14], preferences for retail channel and format choice within a particular channel depend on factors external to the consumer and internal ones. Those preferences are subject to change when important factors as changes in the economy (like economic slowdown, fall in consumers income) and retail industry (development of new sales channels and/or formats) become visible for consumers. External factors among others include perceived price level, physical effort to buy, amount of time needed to fulfil shopping tasks – most of the external factors are creating the perceived total cost of buying for the consumer. Among internal factors, there are i.e.: consumer demographics and consumer personality manifesting in decision-making styles and perceived level of cognitive and emotional effort connected with shopping.

Bhatnagar, & Ratchford (2004) [15]represent an interesting approach but limited to non-durable goods. Exploring fixed and variable costs of shopping, including assumption about consumers preferring to shop at the minimum total cost, and different price levels between formats, they found conditions in which the store format choice would be optimal.

Diwakar Gupta et al. (2006) [16]. The problem of setting prices for clearing retail inventories of fashion goods is a difficult task that is further exacerbated by the fact that markdowns enacted near the end of the selling season have a smaller impact on demand. In the research, they have presented discrete-time models for setting clearance prices in such an environment. When demand is deterministic, researchers compute optimal prices and show that decreasing reservation prices lead to declining optimal prices. When demand is stochastic and arbitrarily correlated across planning periods, researchers obtain bounds on the optimal expected revenue and on optimal prices. Researchers have also developed a heuristic procedure for finding near-optimal prices and test its accuracy through numerical experiments. These experiments revealed new insights for practitioners. For example, the penalty for choosing clearance price once and keeping it unchanged for the remainder of the selling season is found to be small when either the mean reservation prices do not change appreciably over time or when they drop sharply after the first period.

Mokhtarian and Tang (2009, 2011) [17-18], perceived channel characteristics are influencing the choice of channel for both phases of consumer decision making: information search and buying.

Sales promotion techniques are instruments that seek to increase sales of products and brands, usually in a short time (Wierenga&Soethoudt, 2010) [19], because they act in the consumer's mind as a benefit to him, creating thus consumer behaviour (Yusuf, 2010 [20]). The effectiveness and the importance of sales promotion in the market can be viewed when presenting the segment numbers. According to Teunter (2002) [21], over 20% of sales of products of some food branches occur through sales promotion activities. In a report quoted by Wierenga and Soethoudt (2010) [19], over 75% of spending on communication in the nondurable consumer goods segment between 1997 and 2004 in the United States were driven by sales promotion activities, while 25% were applied in other communication activities.

addition to market fundamentals, In the importance is attested in the scientific field, whose studies have been conducted for several decades. In 1978, Preston, Dwyer, and Rudelius [22] already demonstrated the effect of sales promotion to convince consumers to open a bank account. In that study, it was found that 50% of the increase in a number of accounts in a bank searched occurred during a promotional campaign. Morerecently, D'Austous and Jacob (2002) [23]demonstrate the efficiency of this promotional tool to influence the computer purchase, while Boschetti (2012) [24] confirmed the positive linkages, promoting the behaviour of purchase of financial services.

As stressed by some authors (D'Austous & Landreville,2003 [25]; Haans & Gijsbrechts, 2011 [26]; there is still academic and managerial deficiencies on the deeper knowledge of the relationship of sales promotion with consumer behaviour and their effectiveness for the companies.

Sangvikar B. V. et al. (2012) [27], In this research paper researchers, focussed on studying consumer behaviour across various retail formats available for them to buy products which includes components such as (a) convenience, (b) product assortment, (c) pricing, d) product quality and (e) salesperson services. They concluded that Brick-and-mortar departmental retail format is the most preferred one.

Menal Dahiya (2017) [28], due to e-commerce the turnover of offline retailer has reduced which is a warning signal for the enterprise and on the arrival of online shops in the market offline retailers are suffering from the pricing. The researcher has studied the impact of e-commerce sales format on brick-and-mortar selling format across variety of components such as (a) discounts, (b) service types, (c) pricing, (d) product assortment, (e) marketing and promotional capabilities and (f) inventory levels. Dhruv et al (2017) [29]. One of the key components of their organizing framework for 'future of retailing' identified by them was 'visual display and merchandise offer decisions' along with other four components (1) technology and tools to facilitate decision making, (2) consumption and engagement, (3) big data collection and usage and (4) analytics and probability.

Past research carried out in the developed countries where the brick-and-mortar retailers have already gone through a phase of online store formats being made available to consumers and have provided many guidelines to brickand-mortar retailers on various frameworks for them to create promotional strategies to withstand discount strategies of online stores.

We find a gap in the literature whereby we could not find answers for (a) can we implement the recommendations of various researches carried out in developed countries in an Indian context? (b) is there any change in the consumer's perspective toward brick-and-mortar store's famous sales promotional event known as an end-of-season sale? (c) if there a change, what is the magnitude and significance of it in the Indian context? (d) what are the impacts of such changes on other stakeholders across various functions of brick-and-mortar retailing set up such as sales, store operations, category, marketing, supply chain and management/investors. To find answers to these questions we decided to survey all these stakeholders along with consumers, collect empirical data of a brick-and-mortar retailer who has experienced both the phases of pre and post online store emergence and validate all such qualitative findings with actual empirical transactional data to answer our key research questions.

3. OBJECTIVES :

Key objectives of this research were to;

- (a) Qualitatively:
 - i. understand retailer perspective towards discounts pre and post online store emergence.
 - ii. Understand consumer perspective towards discounts pre and post online stores emergence.
- (b) Quantitatively:
 - i. analyze past ten years of empirical data of a select retailer.
 - ii. determine the correlation among the following variables for pre and post online store emergence independently:
 - i. discount levels and conversions
 - ii. discount levels and average transaction sizes
 - iii. discount levels and average prices
 - iv. discount levels and store's sales and margin productivity
 - v. discount levels and store profitability
 - iii. understand the change in consumer purchase behaviour five years prior to and five years post online store emergence.
- (c) Compare qualitative findings (retailer perspectives and consumer perspectives with the quantitative analysis results of the past 10 years of empirical data.
- (d) Draw conclusion with respect to changes in consumer perspective towards discounts on;
 - a. proof of change
 - b. pattern of change
 - c. magnitude of change
 - d. significance and impact of change

4. METHODOLOGY :

Stage I: At this stage, primary research was

conducted in two phases to understand retailers and consumer perspectives towards discounts. **Qualitative phase:**

- Retailer i. perspective: The entire population (388 employees) across various functions/department such as (1) management and strategy, (2) marketing and communication, (3) category supply management, (4) chain management, (5) finance and accounts, (6) IT and support functions and (7) human resource department and (8) sales and operations and (9) store sales staff of one select Brick-and-mortar retailer having stores all over India across (a) mall stores, (b) high-street stores,(c) neighborhood stores,(d) tier 1, 2 and 3 cities, (e) offering multiplecategories and multiple-brands at mid to high price positioning catering to pregnant women, new moms, babies, infants and kids up to 8 yearswere interviewed under controlled environment through google sheets to collect information regarding their perspective towards discounts at brickand-mortar stores pre and post emergence of online stores (Research *instrument* 1).
- ii. Consumer perspective: A random sample (2712 customers) of customers of the select Brick-and-mortar retailer pertaining to research instrument 1, representing customers from stores all over India across (a) mall stores, (b) high-street stores,(c) neighborhood stores,(d) tier 1, 2 and 3 cities, were interviewed under controlled environment through close-ended questions to collect information regarding their perspective towards discounts at brick-and-mortar stores pre and post emergence of online stores (Research instrument 2).

Quantitative phase: Empirical sales data (over eight million transactions) of five years prior and five years post online store emergence in India is collected from the select brick-and-mortar retailer whose employees and customers were surveyed using research instrument 1 and 2(*Research instrument 3*).

Stage II: In this stage, both qualitative and quantitative findings collected using research instruments 1, 2 and 3 were analysed through data processing and analysis using appropriate statistical methods, tools and software.

Stage III: In this stage, insights and inferences from the research findings were used to propose a way forward for Indian brick-and-mortar retailers to enable them to design appropriate sales promotional programmes to effectively deal with the change in consumer's perspective towards discounts at brick-and-mortar stores.

5. KEY FINDINGS AND INSIGHTS :

Retailers strongly believe that, before the emergence of online stores, discounts at a brickand-mortar store were offered basis the age of the inventory that too during specific periods (July and January) widely known as end-ofseason sale (EOSS) which was considered to be a shopping festival. But, post-online stores emergence, the discount has become one of the most important tools for converting walk-ins into bills. Without offering a discount it is practically impossible to convince consumers to buy products at their brick-and-mortar store irrespective of the age of the inventory and the type of sale period owing to which the discounts are now offered to consumers throughout the year to ensure the average transaction values are maintained and possibly stop losing consumers to online store. This significant change in consumers perspective towards discounts is forcing the brick-and-mortar retailer to lose gross margins and in turn store profitability.

Consumers strongly believe that, before the emergence of online stores, discounts at a brickand-mortar store were offered basis the age of the inventory that too during specific periods (July and January) widely known as EOSS which was considered to be a shopping festival for which they used to eagerly await for. But, post-online stores emergence, discounts are available for them throughout the year and hence discount has become one of the most important factors for them to make any buying decisions. It is practically impossible for consumers to buy any products at an original price. This significant change in consumers perspective towards discounts is forcing them to not increase their average transaction values per visit to any brick-and-mortar store thereby making the retailer to lose gross margins and in turn store profitability.

Empirical data of ten years of a select brickand-mortar retailer strongly conforms with most of the beliefs of consumers and retailers (obtained through a qualitative survey) on changes in consumer perspective towards discount post emergence of online stores across.

But the data clearly indicates that a) retailer has not followed any strategical way of offering discounts b) retailer is carried away by perceptions/beliefs of store sales staff and consumers, c) discounts have been increased by 2.202 times without anv significant improvement in the conversions and average transaction values per consumer. Owing to these changes in consumer perspective towards discount retailer is now making 4.249 times lesser profit as compared to pre-online stores emergence.

Table 1: Except average basket size, average MRP and volume per day per square foot all the other factors in the study match with empirical data and conforms to the belief of retailer and consumer on changes in consumer perspective towards the discount.

	Correlation Coefficient			T Test Sig. (2-tailed)		
Variables	Retailer Survey	Consumer Survey	Empirical Data	Retailer Survey	Consumer Survey	Empirical Data
Discount per cent and Bills per day per square foot	-0.621	-0.621	-0.135	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average basket size	-0.270	-0.940	0.610	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average MRP	-0.270	-0.940	0.662	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Volume per day per square foot	-0.389	-0.935	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average selling price	-0.389	-0.935	-0.831	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Revenue per day per square foot	-0.389	-0.935	-0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Gross margin per day per square foot	-0.286	-1.000	-0.715	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.286	-1.000	-0.733	0.000	0.000	0.000
Online emergence type and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.621	-0.990	-0.733	0.000	0.000	0.102

Table 2: Empirical data comprising of over eight million transactional records strongly conforms to the belief of retailer and consumer on changes in consumer perspective towards discount.

	Corre	ation	Sig. (2-tailed)	
Variables under empirical data analysis	Pre-Online	Post-Online	Pre-Online	Post-Online
Discount per cent and Bills per day per square foot	0.489	-0.135	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average basket size	0.627	0.610	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average MRP	0.468	0.662	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Volume per day per square foot	0.707	0.073	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average selling price	-0.682	-0.831	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Revenue per day per square foot	0.450	-0.250	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Gross margin per day per square foot	-0.159	-0.715	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.326	-0.733	0.000	0.000
Online emergence type and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.326	-0.733	0.000	0.102

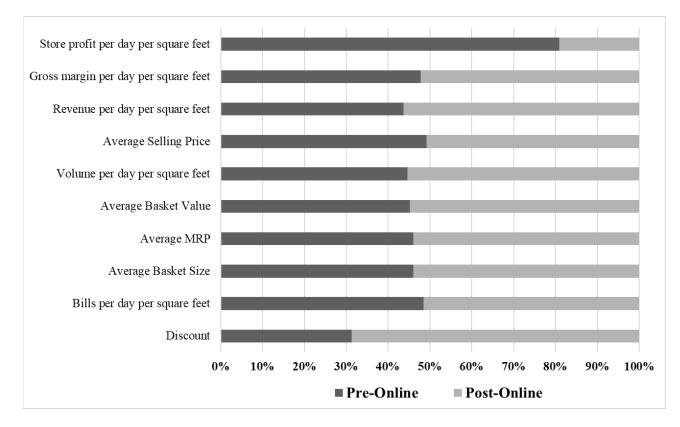


Fig. 1: Empirical data comprising of over eight million transactional records indicate that the discount level has increased significantly post-online store format emergence and has strong negative impact on the brick-and-mortar store profitability.

Table 3: Factor analysis on empirical data comprising of over eight million transactional records indicate that the discount and bills (conversion) components explains the majority of change in store profitability.

	In	Initial Eigenvalues			raction Sums of Squared		
Component	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	
Discount per cent	4.627	46.266	46.266	4.627	46.266	46.266	
Bills per day per square foot	3.046	30.46	76.726	3.046	30.46	76.726	
Average basket size	1.684	16.844	93.57	1.684	16.844	93.57	
Average MRP (INR)	0.578	5.782	99.352				
Average basket value (INR)	0.034	0.343	99.695				
Volume per day per square foot (INR)	0.015	0.147	99.842				
Average selling price (INR)	0.01	0.1	99.942				
Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	0.004	0.037	99.978				
Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	0.001	0.014	99.992				
Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	0.001	0.008	100				

Table 4: Qualitative comparison of change in perspective towards discount of brick-and-mortar retailer.
Bricks-and-mortar retailer perspective towards discount

Bricks-and-mortal retailer perspective towards discount					
Pre-Online Post-Online					
Offering discounts was in our control	Offering discounts is no more in our control				
Offer discounts based on product age	Offer discounts irrespective of product age				
Increase average basket size	Maintain existing basket size				
Increase average transaction value	Maintain existing transaction value				
Increase in absolute earnings	Protect existing absolute earnings				
Attract new consumers	Retain existing consumers				
Increase consumer loyalty	Minimise consumer shift to online store				
Walk-ins coversion was not dependent on discount	Walk-ins coversion is significantly on discount				

 Table 5: Qualitative comparison of change in perspective towards discount of consumers.

 Consumer perspective towards discount

Consumer perspective towards discount					
Pre-Online	Post-Online				
Discount events are designed for a specific occasion	Discounts are available throughout the year				
Let me buy more now	Just buy what is needed				
This is my shop and I shall wait for discount events	I no more wait for discount events				
This is my shop and a neighbourhood store	I can shop online, distance to shop is no more a limitation				
I shall wait for offers on my favourite brand	Let me try the new brand (discount is available)				
Pre-planned shopping for discounted items	Just-in-Time shopping				
Majority of my shopping was at original price	Majority of my shopping is at discounted price				

6. CONCLUSION :

With reference to data and comments shown in table 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and figure 1, It is practically impossible to change consumers perspective towards a discount in favour of brick-and-mortar store as the same is widely influenced by a paradigm shift in the evolution of various modern retailing formats available now to consumers to buy required products. It is evident from this research that brick-and-mortar retailer will no more be able to convert walk-ins into bills unless the discount is one of the key components of their selling proposition to consumers, but possibly retailer can analyse their sales data on a consistent basis to determine ideal levels of discount which can probably gain a competitive edge over online stores on the discount component and arrest such huge degrowth in their store profitability.

7. SUGGESTIONS TO BRICK-AND-MORTAR RETAILERS :

Based on this research outcomes, we would like

to suggest few do's and don'ts to brick-andmortar retailers to overcome this change in consumer shopping behaviour and perspective towards discount;

Don'ts:

- a) flat discounts at the product level,
- b) huge variance in the levels of discount during discount and non-discount periods,
- c) frequent and continuous spending on any 'above the line' (ATL) advertising activities which are directed towards communicating the discounts,
- d) irrelevant discounts,
- e) discounting decisions carried away by the online retailer's discounting frameworks and strategies.

Dos:

- a) convert most of the product level discounts to a transaction level discounts,
- b) offers to be perceived as discounts by the consumers, but they need not be flat discounts on the products,

- c) run promotions which will be able to hold the customer for a longer period of time and perceived by the consumers as a 'great deal',
- d) create smart offers which are relevant to consumer life-stage needs

Brick-and-mortar retailers need to clearly understand every other retailer format's key business goal behind offering discounts to consumers. Few may be trying to capture the bigger market share, few may be trying to show exponential growth in the top line to attract more investors, few may be trying to wrap up their business and few may be hoping that all these consumers acquired based on discount as one of their key components of selling proposition are going to be loyal to their store. What is very important is the key business goal of your retailing format and business, clearly understand of your consumers and their needs using both qualitative and quantitative methodologies and make strategies to create your own discounting framework/model to gain a competitive edge over any retailing formats on the discount component.

8. LIMITATIONS OFRESEARCH :

The main limitation of this research workis the coverage of the various stakeholders viz., consumers and retailers in understanding their perspectives towards discount pre and post online store format emergence. This might limit the generalizability of the research findings to other set of retailers and consumers. The second limitation would be the empirical validation is restricted to one retail format i.e., multi brand and multi category baby care stores in India and hence the generalizability of the findings and suggestions to other retail formats. However, it provides significant input regarding the ways to utilise these findings as all the qualitative research findings have been validated with actual empirical transactional data.

9. SCOPE FOR FURTHER RESEARCH :

It is recommended that this research can further be extended to derive an ideal discounting framework/model for brick-and-mortar retailers to enable them to design appropriate sales promotional programmes to effectively deal with the change in consumer's perspective towards the discount.

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Appendix

Research Instrument 1–Retailer perspective

Research Instrument 1 - Retailer perspective

Q1. Help me know you better. Name Location Region North East West South All India Industry / Domain Bricks-and-mortar retailing Online retailing Multi-channel retailing Academics and research Consulting Marketing agency Media and journalism Others Role Academics and research Consulting Marketing agency Media and journalism Management and strategy Marketing and communication Category management Sales and operations Store sales staff Finance and accounts Supply chain management Human resource department IT and support functions Others Age 18 to 25 years 26 to 30 years 31 to 35 years 36 to 40 years Above 40 years Gender Male Female Transgender Marital status Married Unmarried Education level School Level Graduate Post-Graduate Doctorate Professional No Formal Education Work experience 0 to 4 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years

20 to 24 years Above 25 years

Research Instrument 1 - Retailer perspective Q2. When do you think online stores came to lime light in India? 2000 to 2004 2005 to 2009 2010 to 2014 2015 onwards Don't remember Q3. Prior to online stores boom, major discounts were given only during EOSS. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q4. Prior to online stores boom, majority of consumers were not expecting discounts during non EOSS periods . Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q5. Prior to online stores boom, EOSS event was conducted to liquidate the old inventory/stock. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree O6, Prior to online stores boom, EOSS event was conducted to increase the transaction volume and value per consumer. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q7. Prior to online stores boom, EOSS event was conducted to encourage consumer to buy more than usual. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q8. Prior to online stores boom, during EOSS, store used to earn same margin values in spite of discount as the sales volume was higher than usual. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q9. Prior to online stores boom, EOSS event was conducted twice a year, one in July (31 days) and one in January (31 days). Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q10. Prior to online stores boom, EOSS event was perceived as a shopping festival by the company and consumers. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q11. Prior to the stores boom, it was very difficult to convert majority of the walk-ins to bills without discounts. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree

Research Instrument 1 - Retailer perspective Q12. Post the online stores boom, discounts are given during non-EOSS periods also. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q13. Post the online stores boom, majority of consumers are expecting discounts throughout the year. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q14. Post the online stores boom, discounts are given irrespective of inventory/stock's age. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q15. Post the online stores boom, EOSS event is conducted to protect the usual transaction volume and value per consumer. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q16. Post the online stores boom, EOSS event is conducted to encourage consumer to buy from bricks-and-mortar stores and discourage them to shift to online. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q17. Post the online stores boom, during EOSS, store loses margin value as in spite of heavy discounts the sales volume is not higher than usual. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q18. Post the online stores boom, EOSS event is conducted once in every three months. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q19. Post the online stores boom, EOSS event is no more perceived as a shopping festival by the company and consumers. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Q20. Post the online stores boom, it is becoming very difficult to convert majority of the walk-ins to bills without discounts. Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree

Research Instrument 2–Consumer perspective

Research Instrument 2 - Consumer perspective

Q1. Help me know you better.	
Name	
Location	
Region	
100-3001	North
	East
	West
	South
	All India
Shopping preference	
	Only physical store
	Only online store
	Both online and physical sto
	Depends on product
	Others
Occupation	Outers
сстранон	House wife
	Employed
	Business
	Employed
	Others
Age	
	20 to 25 years
	26 to 30 years
	31 to 35 years
	36 to 40 years
2.001	Above 40 years
Gender	
	Male
	Female
	Transgender
Marital status	
	Married
	Unmarried
Education level	
	School Level
	Graduate
	Post-Graduate
	Professional
	No Formal Education
Shopping experience	
	0 to 4 years
	5 to 9 years
	10 to 14 years
	15 to 19 years
	20 to 24 years
	Above 25 years
	Padove 25 years
Monthly family income	
	Below Rs. 25,000
	Rs. 26,000 to Rs. 50,000
	Rs. 51,000 to Rs. 75,000
	Rs. 76,000 to Rs. 1,00,000
	Above Rs. 1,00,000
Are you new to this store or is it your repeat visit?	
	New
	Repeat



Research Instrument 2 - Consumer perspective	
Q3. Prior to online stores boom, major discounts were given only during EOSS in physical stores.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q4. Prior to online stores boom, majority of time I was not expecting discounts during non EOSS periods .	
2	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q5. Prior to online stores boom, heavy discounts were offered only on old stocks during EOSS.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q6. Prior to online stores boom, I used to buy more during EOSS than usual.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree Strongly agree
07 Prior to online storm hoom during EOSS it was highly accounting to how more than usual	Subligity agree
Q7. Prior to online stores boom, during EOSS it was highly encouraging to buy more than usual.	
	Strongly disagree Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q8. Prior to online stores boom, during EOSS, I could buy more for less.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree Strongly agree
Q9. Prior to online stores boom, I used to eagerly wait for July and January months as EOSS would start.	
2/11/07/10 office 20103 00000,1 mixed to cagerin manyor only and outmany months as 2.5555 normalisation	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q10. Prior to online stores boom, EOSS event was a shopping festival.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q11. Prior to the online stores boom, it is was not difficult to buy products at full price at any physical stores.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree Strongly agree
012 Part the online stores beam I not discounts during new EOSS partials also	Subligity agree
Q12. Post the online stores boom, I get discounts during non-EOSS periods also.	
	Strongly disagree Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree



Research Instrument 2 - Consumer perspective

Q13. Post the online stores boom, I expect physical stores to match online discounts for the same product throughout the year.

Q15. Fost the online stores boom, I expect physical stores to match online ascounts for the same product inroughout the y	cur.
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q14. Post the online stores boom, discounts are also offered on new stocks in physical stores.	
Σ is a fixed matter solution of the second state of the solution of the sol	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q15. Post the online stores boom, I need not to wait for an EOSS event to buy more.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q16. Post the online stores boom, I usually threaten the physical store staff that I will buy from online store if they do not of	offer me better discounts.
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q17. Post the online stores boom, during EOSS, I need not to buy more than usual as discounts are now available through	out the year online.
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
	Subligity agree
Q18. Post the online stores boom, EOSS event is conducted more times than earlier.	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q19. Post the online stores boom, EOSS event is no more a most awaited shopping festival for me.	
E. A construction of the second process creaters and more a most an analysis and programme for mer	
	Strongly disagree
	Disagree
	Neutral
	Agree
	Strongly agree
Q20. Post the online stores boom, it is very difficult to buy products at full price at any physical stores.	





Research Instrument 3 - Empirical data

Collect actual sales data from a retailer;

- 1. Existed pre and post emergence of online stores boom in India.
- 2. Year 2009 to 2019.
- 3. Covering both pre and post online stores emergence periods.
- 4. Over eight million transactional data extracted.

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	North	110	28.4	28.4	28.4
	East	13	3.4	3.4	31.8
	West	33	8.5	8.5	40.3
	South	197	50.9	50.9	91.2
	All India	34	8.8	8.8	100
	Total	387	100	100	

Respondents Region

Industry / Domain

		Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative
			reicent	Percent	Percent
Valid	Bricks-and- mortar retailing	387	100	100	100

Role

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Management and strategy	2	0.5	0.5	0.5
	Marketing and communication	6	1.6	1.6	2.1
	Category management	10	2.6	2.6	4.7
	Sales and operations	85	22	22	26.6
Valid	Store sales staff	268	69.3	69.3	95.9
valid	Finance and accounts	2	0.5	0.5	96.4
	Supply chain management	4	1	1	97.4
	Human resource department	5	1.3	1.3	98.7
	IT and support functions	5	1.3	1.3	100
	Total	387	100	100	

		Age Group in Years			
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative
	18 to 25 years	152	39.3	39.3	39.3
	26 to 30 years	97	25.1	25.1	64.3
Valid	31 to 35 years	83	21.4	21.4	85.8
valid	36 to 40 years	38	9.8	9.8	95.6
	Above 40 years	17	4.4	4.4	100
	Total	387	100	100	

				Gender				
			Frequency		rcent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	t ,
		Male	243		52.8	62.8	62.8	
Valid		Female	144		7.2	37.2	100	
		Total	387	. 1	100	100		
			Μ	arital Stat	us			
				Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative	
		Mar	ried	265	68.5	68.5	68.5	
Vali	d	Unma	urried	122	31.5	31.5	100	
		То		387	100	100		
			Ed	ucation Le	vel			
				Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative	
		School	Level	269	69.5	69.5	69.5	
		Grad	luate	98	25.3	25.3	94.8	
Vali	đ	Post-G	raduate	19	4.9	4.9	99.7	
		Doct		1	0.3	0.3	100	
		То		387	100	100	100	
			Wo	rk Experience	in Voors			
				equency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Perc	ent
		0 to 4 years		68	17.6	17.6	17.6	ent
		5 to 9 years		128	33.1	33.1	50.6	
		0 to 14 years		91	23.5	23.5	74.2	
Valid		5 to 19 years		67	17.3	17.3	91.5	
		0 to 24 years		21	5.4	5.4	96.9	
		bove 25 years		12	3.1	3.1	100	
		Total		387	100	100		
		O2. When	do vou think	online store	s came to lime	light in India?		
		22	Frequency		Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Perce	ont
	2000	4 - 2004						CIII
		to 2004	1		0.3	0.3	0.3	
	2005	to 2009	15		3.9	3.9	4.1	
Valid	2010	to 2014	356		92	92	96.1	
	2015 0	onwards	15		3.9	3.9	100	
		otal	387		100	100	100	
		01 P.				• DOGG		
					nts were given only du	alid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
	Stronghy Discourse	Frequency 2	y	Percent 0.5	v	0.5		
	Strongly Disagree						0.5	
	Disagree	10		2.6		2.6	3.1	
Valid	Neutral	30		7.8		7.8	10.9	
	Agree	57		14.7		14.7	25.6	
	Strongly Agree	288		74.4		74.4	100	
	Total	387		100		100		
	Q4. Prior		m, majority of cons	-	ecting discounts durin	• •		
		Frequency		Percent	Valid Per	rcent C	imulative Percent	
S	trongly Disagree	4		1	1		1	
	Disagree	25		6.5	6.5		7.5	
	Neutral	33		8.5	8.5		16	
	Agree	59		15.2	15.2		31.3	
		244					100	
	Strongly Agree Total	266 387		68.7 100	68.7 100		100	

				o liquidate the old inventory/stock.	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Disagree	8	2.1	2.1	2.1
	Disagree	8	2.1	2.1	4.1
	Neutral	59	15.2	15.2	19.4
/alid	Agree	38	9.8	9.8	29.2
			70.8		100
	Strongly Agree	274		70.8	100
	Total	387	100	100	
	O6. Prior t	o online stores boom. EOSS ev	ent was conducted to increase th	e transaction volume and value per	r consumer.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Disagree	3	0.8	0.8	0.8
	0, 0	8	2.1	2.1	2.8
	Disagree				
alid	Neutral	30	7.8	7.8	10.6
	Agree	50	12.9	12.9	23.5
	Strongly Agree	296	76.5	76.5	100
	Total	387	100	100	
	07	Drian ta anlina staras haarn F(OFF avant was conducted to anon	urage consumer to buy more than u	remel
	Q/.	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Disagran	2	0.5	0.5	0.5
	Strongly Disagree				
	Disagree	7	1.8	1.8	2.3
alid	Neutral	32	8.3	8.3	10.6
allu	Agree	69	17.8	17.8	28.4
	Strongly Agree	277	71.6	71.6	100
	Total	387	100	100	100
	10uur	507	100	100	
	Q8. Prior to online stores		0	spite of discount as the sales volu	0
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percen
	Strongly Disagree	1	0.3	0.3	0.3
	Disagree	14	3.6	3.6	3.9
	Neutral	25	6.5	6.5	10.3
alid	Agree	72	18.6	18.6	28.9
	Strongly Agree	275	71.1	71.1	100
	Total	387	100	100	100
	Total	567	100	100	
	Q9. Prior to o	online stores boom, EOSS even		e in July (31 days) and one in Janu	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Disagree	6	1.6	1.6	1.6
	Neutral	43	11.1	11.1	12.7
alid	Agree	86	22.2	22.2	34.9
und		252	65.1	65.1	100
	Strongly Agree Total	387	100	100	100
	Total	387	100	100	
	Q10. Pri			ing festival by the company and co	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percen
	Disagree	3	0.8	0.8	0.8
	Neutral	38	9.8	9.8	10.6
alid	Agree	87	22.5	22.5	33.1
	Strongly Agree	259	66.9	66.9	100
	Total	239 387	100	100	100
	Total	387	100	100	
	Q11. Prie			ority of the walk-ins to bills without	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percen
	Strongly Disagree	283	73.1	73.1	73.1
	Disagree	48	12.4	12.4	85.5
	Neutral	23	5.9	5.9	91.5
alid		20	5.2	5.2	96.6
alid	Agree	12	3.4	3.4	100
alid	Strongly Agree	13			
alid		387	100	100	
alid	Strongly Agree	387	100		
alid	Strongly Agree	387			Cumulative Percen
alid	Strongly Agree Total	387 Q12. Post the online sto Frequency	100 res boom, discounts are given du Percent	ring non-EOSS periods also. Valid Percent	
alid	Strongly Agree Total Strongly Agree	387 Q12. Post the online sto Frequency 262	100 res boom, discounts are given du Percent 67.7	uring non-EOSS periods also. Valid Percent 67.7	67.7
	Strongly Agree Total Strongly Agree Agree	387 Q12. Post the online sto Frequency 262 114	100 res boom, discounts are given du Percent 67.7 29.5	uring non-EOSS periods also. Valid Percent 67.7 29.5	67.7 97.2
	Strongly Agree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	387 Q12. Post the online sto Frequency 262 114 9	100 res boom, discounts are given du Percent 67.7 29.5 2.3	uring non-EOSS periods also. Valid Percent 67.7 29.5 2.3	67.7 97.2 99.5
⁷ alid ⁷ alid	Strongly Agree Total Strongly Agree Agree	387 Q12. Post the online sto Frequency 262 114	100 res boom, discounts are given du Percent 67.7 29.5	uring non-EOSS periods also. Valid Percent 67.7 29.5	97.2

		Q13. Post the online stores boo	m, majority of consumers are exi	pecting discounts throughout the yea	ar.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Agree	259	66.9	66.9	66.9
	Agree	92	23.8	23.8	90.7
	-				
Valid	Neutral	15	3.9	3.9	94.6
	Disagree	18	4.7	4.7	99.2
	Strongly Disagree	3	0.8	0.8	100
	Total	387	100	100	
		014. Post the online store	s boom, discounts are given irres	pective of inventory/stock's age.	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Agree	220	56.8	56.8	56.8
		137	35.4	35.4	92.2
	Agree				
Valid	Neutral	10	2.6	2.6	94.8
	Disagree	18	4.7	4.7	99.5
	Strongly Disagree	2	0.5	0.5	100
	Total	387	100	100	
	O15 Pos	t the online stores boom EOSS ev	vent is conducted to protect the u	sual transaction volume and value p	er consumer
	Q13.108	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Agree	213	55	55	55
	0, 0				
	Agree	153	39.5	39.5	94.6
Valid	Neutral	17	4.4	4.4	99
	Disagree	3	0.8	0.8	99.7
	Strongly Disagree	1	0.3	0.3	100
	Total	387	100	100	
016	Post the online stores	boom FOSS event is conducted	to apcourage consumer to huv fr	om bricks-and-mortar storas and dis	courage them to shift to online
Q10.	. i ost ure onime stores	Frequency	Percent	om bricks-and-mortar stores and dis Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	C 1 1				
	Strongly Agree	227	58.7	58.7	58.7
	Agree	115	29.7	29.7	88.4
Valid	Neutral	26	6.7	6.7	95.1
	Disagree	19	4.9	4.9	100
	Total	387	100	100	
	017 Post the onlin	a stars been during EOSS stor	logog marrin value og in gnite o	f heavy discounts the sales volume	is not higher then usual
	Q17. Post the olim	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Ctuonality A anala	223	57.6	57.6	57.6
	Strongly Agree				
	Agree	117	30.2	30.2	87.9
Valid	Neutral	25			
v unu	Disagree	21	6.5	6.5	94.3
	Strongly Disagree		5.4	6.5 5.4	
	Subligiv Disagree	1			94.3
	Total	1 387	5.4	5.4	94.3 99.7
	0, 0	387	5.4 0.3 100	5.4 0.3 100	94.3 99.7
	0, 0	387 Q18. Post the online stor	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months.	94.3 99.7 100
	Total	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent
	Total Strongly Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8
	Total Strongly Agree Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9
Valid	Total Strongly Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8
Valid	Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9
Valid	Total Strongly Agree Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4
Valid	Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 6 387	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.0	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100
Valid	Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 6 387	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.0	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100
Valid	Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS of Frequency	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consumers. Cumulative Percent
Valid	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consumers. Cumulative Percent 74.4
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 vent is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.00 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consumers. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Neutral Disagree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48 10	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 vent is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.00 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Neutral Disagree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS of Frequency 288 41 48 10 387	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 rvent is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consumers. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Neutral Disagree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS of Frequency 288 41 48 10 387	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 rvent is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consumers. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Neutral Disagree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48 10 387 Q20. Post the online stores boom, j	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 vert majority of the walk-ins to bills.	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4 100
	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Total	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS of Frequency 288 41 48 10 387 Q20. Post the online stores boom, F Frequency	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 it is becoming very difficult to conv Percent	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 1.0 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 vert majority of the walk-ins to bills. Valid Percent	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4 100 Cumulative Percent
Valid	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Agree	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48 10 387 Q20. Post the online stores boom, F Frequency 283 48	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 it is becoming very difficult to conv Percent 73.1 12.4	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 vert majority of the walk-ins to bills. Valid Percent 73.1 12.4	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consumers. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4 100 Cumulative Percent 73.1 85.5
	Total Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Neutral Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48 10 387 Q20. Post the online stores boom, Frequency 283 48 23	5.4 0.3 100 es boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 it is becoming very difficult to conv Percent 73.1 12.4 5.9	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 vert majority of the walk-ins to bills. Valid Percent 73.1 12.4 5.9	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4 100 Cumulative Percent 73.1 85.5 91.5
Valid	Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS of Frequency 288 41 48 10 387 Q20. Post the online stores boom, F Frequency 283 48 23 20	5.4 0.3 100 res boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a st Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 recent 73.1 12.4 5.9 5.2	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 vert majority of the walk-ins to bills. Valid Percent 73.1 12.4 5.9 5.2	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4 100 Cumulative Percent 73.1 85.5 91.5 96.6
Valid Valid Valid	Total Total Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Q19. Po Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Total Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Neutral Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	387 Q18. Post the online stor Frequency 247 128 6 6 387 st the online stores boom, EOSS e Frequency 288 41 48 10 387 Q20. Post the online stores boom, Frequency 283 48 23	5.4 0.3 100 es boom, EOSS event is conduct Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 event is no more perceived as a si Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 it is becoming very difficult to conv Percent 73.1 12.4 5.9	5.4 0.3 100 ed once in every three months. Valid Percent 63.8 33.1 1.6 1.6 100 hopping festival by the company and Valid Percent 74.4 10.6 12.4 2.6 100 vert majority of the walk-ins to bills. Valid Percent 73.1 12.4 5.9	94.3 99.7 100 Cumulative Percent 63.8 96.9 98.4 100 d consume rs. Cumulative Percent 74.4 85 97.4 100 Cumulative Percent 73.1 85.5 91.5

Average scores for pre-online emergence questions						
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
	2.25	1	0.3	0.3	0.3	
	2.38	3	0.8	0.8	1	
	2.5	2	0.5	0.5	1.6	
	2.63	1	0.3	0.3	1.8	
	2.75	3	0.8	0.8	2.6	
	2.88	2	0.5	0.5	3.1	
	3	1	0.3	0.3	3.4	
	3.13	4	1	1	4.4	
	3.25	9	2.3	2.3	6.7	
	3.38	1	0.3	0.3	7	
	3.5	7	1.8	1.8	8.8	
Valid	3.63	3	0.8	0.8	9.6	
v and	3.75	13	3.4	3.4	12.9	
	3.88	7	1.8	1.8	14.7	
	4	7	1.8	1.8	16.5	
	4.13	12	3.1	3.1	19.6	
	4.25	12	3.1	3.1	22.7	
	4.38	23	5.9	5.9	28.7	
	4.5	29	7.5	7.5	36.2	
	4.63	44	11.4	11.4	47.5	
	4.75	28	7.2	7.2	54.8	
	4.88	33	8.5	8.5	63.3	
	5	142	36.7	36.7	100	
	Total	387	100	100		
	Average scor	es for post-onli	ine emergen	ce questions		
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative	
	1	91	23.5	23.5	23.5	

	Frequ	ency Perce	ent Valid Per	rcent Cumulative
1	91	23.5	5 23.5	23.5
1.1	1 58	3 15	15	38.5
1.2	32	2 8.3	8.3	46.8
1.3	3 32	2 8.3	8.3	55
1.4	.4 10) 2.6	2.6	57.6
1.5	6 11	2.8	2.8	60.5
1.6	57 25	5 6.5	6.5	66.9
1.7	26	6.7	6.7	73.6
1.8	9 26	6.7	6.7	80.4
Valid 2	18	3 4.7	4.7	85
2.1	1 16	5 4.1	4.1	89.1
2.2	.2 5	1.3	1.3	90.4
2.3	6 6	1.6	1.6	92
2.4	4 12	2 3.1	3.1	95.1
2.5	6 12	2 3.1	3.1	98.2
2.6	57 5	1.3	1.3	99.5
2.7	8 1	0.3	0.3	99.7
2.8	9 1	0.3	0.3	100
Tot	al 38	7 100) 100	

Average scores for pre-online emergence questions

Correlations Perspective Perspective towards towards discounts pre- discounts postonline online emergence emergence Pearson Correlation -.621** 1 Sig. (2-tailed) 0 Perspective towards discounts pre-online Sum of Squares and Cross-135.353 -69.887 emergence products Covariance 0.351 -0.181 Ν 387 387 Pearson Correlation -.621** 1 Sig. (2-tailed) 0 Perspective towards discounts post-online Sum of Squares and Cross--69.887 93.475 emergence products Covariance -0.181 0.242 Ν 387 387 **. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed). Correlations

	Correlations			
			Perspective towards discounts pre- online	Perspective towards discounts post- online
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	1	463**
	pre-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
Kendall's tau_b		Ν	387	387
Keikans au_b	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	463**	1
	post-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)	0	
		Ν	387	387
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	1	589**
	pre-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
Spearman's rho		Ν	387	387
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	589**	1
	post-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)	0	
		Ν	387	387
**. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 leve	el (2-tailed).			

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	conclutions			
			Perspective towards	Perspective towards
			discounts pre- online	discounts post- online
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	1	463**
	pre-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
Kendall's tau_b		Ν	387	387
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	463**	1
	post-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)	0	
		Ν	387	387
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	1	589**
	pre-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
Spearman's rho		Ν	387	387
2 pominino 110	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	589**	1
	post-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)	0	
		Ν	387	387

Correlations

**. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

	Paired Samples Test								
							t	df	Sig. (2- tailed)
					Lower	Upper			
Pair 1	Perspective towards discounts pre-online emergence - Perspective towards discounts post-online emergence	2.28174	1.25034	0.02401	2.23466	2.32882	95.035	2711	0.000

Findings – Consumer Perspective

Respondents Region

		Frequency Percent	Valid	Cumulative	
		requercy	I ciccin	Percent	Percent
	North	837	30.9	30.9	30.9
	East	65	2.4	2.4	33.3
Valid	West	306	11.3	11.3	44.5
	South	1504	55.5	55.5	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

	SI	nopping Prefer	ence		
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Only Physical Store	4	0.1	0.1	0.1
Valid	Both Physical and Online Store	2004	73.9	73.9	74
	Depends on Product	704	26	26	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

		Age			
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	20 to 25 Years	177	6.5	6.5	6.5
	26 to 30 Years	721	26.6	26.6	33.1
	31 to 35 Years	1506	55.5	55.5	88.6
Valid	36 to 40 Years	262	9.7	9.7	98.3
	Above 40 Years	46	1.7	1.7	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Gender

		Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	reicent	Percent	Percent
	Male	1308	48.2	48.2	48.2
Valid	Female	1404	51.8	51.8	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Marital Status

		Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	reicent	Percent	Percent
	Married	2503	92.3	92.3	92.3
Valid	Unmarried	209	7.7	7.7	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Education Level

		Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative
		requency	I elcent	Percent	Percent
	Graduate	1740	64.2	64.2	64.2
Valid	Post-Graduate	809	29.8	29.8	94
valid	Professional	163	6	6	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Shopping Experience

		Frequency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative
		riequency	reicent	Percent	Percent
	5 to 9 Years	177	6.5	6.5	6.5
	10 to 14 Years	721	26.6	26.6	33.1
	15 to 19 Years	1506	55.5	55.5	88.6
Valid	20 to 24 Years	262	9.7	9.7	98.3
	Above 25 Years	46	1.7	1.7	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Family Monthly Income

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Rs. 26,000 to Rs. 50,000	155	5.7	5.7	5.7
	Rs. 51,000 to Rs. 75,000	994	36.7	36.7	42.4
Valid	Rs. 76,000 to Rs. 1,00,000	327	12.1	12.1	54.4
	Above Rs. 1,00,000	1236	45.6	45.6	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Are you new to this store or is it your repeat visit?

		Fraguency	Percent	Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	I ercent	Percent	Percent
	First Visit	1270	46.8	46.8	46.8
Valid	Repeat Visit	1442	53.2	53.2	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

	Q3. Prior to	online stores boom, majo	r discounts were given only	during EOSS in physical stor	res.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Disagree	84	3.1	3.1	3.1
	Neutral	206	7.6	7.6	10.7
Valid	Agree	1348	49.7	49.7	60.4
	Strongly Agree	1074	39.6	39.6	100
	Total	2712	100	100	
	Q4. Prior to on	line stores boom, majority	of time I was not expecting	discounts during non EOSS	periods.
	-	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Disagree	77	2.8	2.8	2.8
	Neutral	196	7.2	7.2	10.1
Valid	Agree	1366	50.4	50.4	60.4
	Strongly Agree	1073	39.6	39.6	100
	Total	2712	100	100	
	Q5. Prior (to online stores boom, hea	vy discounts were offered o	only on old stocks during EOS	SS.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Disagree	3	0.1	0.1	0.1

4.4

5.8

50.1

39.6

100

4.4

5.8

50.1

39.6

100

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119

157

1358

1075

2712

Disagree

Neutral

Agree

Total

Strongly Agree

Valid

4.5

10.3

60.4

100

	Q6	. Prior to online stores boom,	I used to buy more during	g EOSS than usual.	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Disagree	3	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Disagree	61	2.2	2.2	2.4
Valid	Neutral	207	7.6	7.6	10
	Agree	1370	50.5	50.5	60.5
	Strongly Agree	1071	39.5	39.5	100
	Total	2712	100	100	
	Q7. Prior to	online stores boom, during E0	OSS it was highly encoura	ging to buy more than usual	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Disagree	4	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Disagree	59	2.2	2.2	2.3
Valid	Neutral	202	7.4	7.4	9.8
	Agree	1372	50.6	50.6	60.4
	Strongly Agree	1075	39.6	39.6	100
	Total	2712	100	100	
		09. Drian ta anlina atama haa	n during EOSS I could be	w wow for loss	
	· · · · ·	Q8. Prior to online stores book Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly	3	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Disagree	61	2.2	2.2	2.4
Valid	Disagree Neutral	200	2.2 7.4	2.2 7.4	2.4 9.7
v aliu		1374	50.7	50.7	
	Agree				60.4
	Strongly Agree Total	1074 2712	39.6 100	39.6 100	100
	00 Prior to onlin				
	$\sqrt{2}$, 1 HOI to UIIIII	e stores boom, I used to eage	rly wait for July and Janu	ary months as EOSS would	start.
	Q3. 1 1101 to 01000	e stores boom, I used to eage Frequency	rly wait for July and Janu Percent	ary months as EOSS would Valid Percent	start. Cumulative Percent
	Disagree				
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Disagree	Frequency 64	Percent 2.4	Valid Percent 2.4	Cumulative Percent 2.4
Valid	Disagree Neutral	Frequency 64 217	Percent 2.4 8	Valid Percent 2.4 8	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree	Frequency 64 217 1357	Percent 2.4 8 50	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency 3 81	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1
Valid Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency 3 81 186	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency 3 81 186 1370	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency 3 81 186	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Strongly Agree Total	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Strongly Agree Total	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 2010. Prior to online stores boo Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 2712 dine stores boom, it was not	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 hopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physica	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q11. Prior to the on	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores bo Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 line stores boom, it was not Frequency	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products Percent	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 hopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physica Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100 I stores. Cumulative Percent
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q11. Prior to the on Strongly Disagree	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 2010. Prior to online stores boon Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 dine stores boon, it was not Frequency 6	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products Percent 0.2	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Chopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physica Valid Percent 0.2	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100 I stores. Cumulative Percent 0.2
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q11. Prior to the on Strongly Disagree Disagree	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 10. Prior to online stores boom Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 line stores boom, it was not Frequency 6 70	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products Percent 0.2 2.6	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physical Valid Percent 0.2 2.6	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100 I stores. Cumulative Percent 0.2 2.8
	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q11. Prior to the on Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 2010. Prior to online stores boom Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 line stores boom, it was not Frequency 6 70 182	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products Percent 0.2 2.6 6.7	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physical Valid Percent 0.2 2.6 6.7	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100 I stores. Cumulative Percent 0.2 2.8 9.5
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q11. Prior to the on Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 2010. Prior to online stores boom Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 line stores boom, it was not Frequency 6 70 182 1371	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products Percent 0.2 2.6 6.7 50.6	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physical Valid Percent 0.2 2.6 6.7 50.6	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100 I stores. Cumulative Percent 0.2 2.8 9.5 60.1
Valid	Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly Agree Total Q11. Prior to the on Strongly Disagree Disagree Neutral	Frequency 64 217 1357 1074 2712 2010. Prior to online stores boom Frequency 3 81 186 1370 1072 2712 line stores boom, it was not Frequency 6 70 182	Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 om, EOSS event was a s Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 difficult to buy products Percent 0.2 2.6 6.7	Valid Percent 2.4 8 50 39.6 100 Shopping festival. Valid Percent 0.1 3 6.9 50.5 39.5 100 at full price at any physical Valid Percent 0.2 2.6 6.7	Cumulative Percent 2.4 10.4 60.4 100 Cumulative Percent 0.1 3.1 10 60.5 100 I stores. Cumulative Percent 0.2 2.8 9.5

		e online stores boom, I ge Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percer
	Strongly Agree	1088	40.1	40.1	40.1
	Agree	1325	48.9	48.9	89
	Neutral	214	7.9	7.9	96.9
/alid	Disagree	84	3.1	3.1	100
	U	1	0	0	100
	Strongly Disagree Total	2712	100	100	100
	1000	2712	100	100	
Q13.	Post the online stores boom, I	expect physical stores to Frequency	match online discounts Percent	for the same product the Valid Percent	roughout the year. Cumulative Percer
	Sture - he A mus -		39.6		
	Strongly Agree	1075		39.6	39.6
	Agree	1368	50.4	50.4	90.1
alid	Neutral	188	6.9	6.9	97
	Disagree	76	2.8	2.8	99.8
	Strongly Disagree	5	0.2	0.2	100
	Total	2712	100	100	
	Q14. Post the onlin	e stores boom, discounts a	are also offered on new	stocks in physical stores	s.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percer
	Strongly Agree	1079	39.8	39.8	39.8
	Agree	1367	50.4	50.4	90.2
	Neutral	185	6.8	6.8	97
alid	Disagree	79	2.9	2.9	99.9
	Strongly Disagree	2	0.1	0.1	100
	Total	2712	100	100	100
		P			
	Q15. Post the	online stores boom, I need Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percer
	Strongly Agree	1085	40	40	40
	Agree	1361	50.2	50.2	90.2
	Neutral	181	6.7	6.7	96.9
alid	Disagree	80	2.9	3	99.9
	Strongly Disagree	4	0.1	0.1	100
	Total	2711	100	100	100
lissing		1	0	100	
Aissing	System				
otal		2712	100		
Q16. Post	the online stores boom, I usua	lly threaten the physical s			
Q16. Post	the online stores boom, I usua	lly threaten the physical s Frequency	tore staff that I will buy Percent	y from online store if they Valid Percent	
Q16. Post	the online stores boom, I usua Strongly Agree				
Q16. Post		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percer
	Strongly Agree	Frequency 1075	Percent 39.6	Valid Percent 39.7	Cumulative Percer 39.7
	Strongly Agree Agree	Frequency 1075 1373 180	Percent 39.6 50.6	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7	Cumulative Percer 39.7 90.3
	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9
	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97
⁷ alid	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9
'alid fissing	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9
Q16. Post a 7alid Aissing otal	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1	Cumulative Percer 39.7 90.3 97 99.9
'alid Aissing Potal	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th	Cumulative Percer 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100
'alid Aissing Potal	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during H	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent	Cumulative Percer 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 uroughout the year on Cumulative Perce
'alid Aissing Potal	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during I	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency 1086	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent 40	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent 40.1	Cumulative Percer 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 uroughout the year on Cumulative Perce 40.1
'alid Aissing Potal	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during I Strongly Agree Agree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency 1086 1364	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent 40 50.3	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent 40.1 50.3	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 aroughout the year on Cumulative Perce 40.1 90.4
7alid Aissing Yotal Q17. Post th	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during I Strongly Agree Agree Neutral	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency 1086 1364 176	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent 40 50.3 6.5	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent 40.1 50.3 6.5	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 aroughout the year on Cumulative Perce 40.1 90.4 96.9
7alid Aissing Yotal Q17. Post th	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during I Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency 1086 1364 176 83	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent 40 50.3 6.5 3.1	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent 40.1 50.3 6.5 3.1	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 aroughout the year on Cumulative Perce 40.1 90.4 96.9 100
/alid Aissing Total	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during H Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency 1086 1364 176 83 1	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent 40 50.3 6.5 3.1 0	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent 40.1 50.3 6.5 3.1 0	Cumulative Percer 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 aroughout the year on Cumulative Perce 40.1 90.4 96.9
7alid Aissing Yotal Q17. Post th	Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree Total System e online stores boom, during I Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree	Frequency 1075 1373 180 78 4 2710 2 2712 COSS, I need not to buy m Frequency 1086 1364 176 83	Percent 39.6 50.6 6.6 2.9 0.1 99.9 0.1 100 ore than usual as disco Percent 40 50.3 6.5 3.1	Valid Percent 39.7 50.7 6.6 2.9 0.1 100 unts are now available th Valid Percent 40.1 50.3 6.5 3.1	Cumulative Percen 39.7 90.3 97 99.9 100 aroughout the year on Cumulative Perce 40.1 90.4 96.9 100

	Q1	8. Post the online stores boom	, EOSS event is conducted	l more times than earlier.	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Agree	e 1080	39.8	39.9	39.9
	Agree	1376	50.7	50.8	90.6
Valid	Neutral	177	6.5	6.5	97.2
v and	Disagree	76	2.8	2.8	100
	Strongly Disag		0	0	100
	Total	2710	99.9	100	
Missing	System	2	0.1		
Total		2712	100		
	Q19. Post	the online stores boom, EOSS	event is no more a most a	waited shopping festival fo	or me.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Agree		39.8	39.8	39.8
	Agree	1369	50.5	50.5	90.3
Valid	Neutral	181 80	6.7 2.9	6.7 2.9	97 99.9
	Disagree Strongly Disag		2.9 0.1	0.1	99.9 100
	Total	2712	100	100	100
	Q20. Post th	e online stores boom, it is ver Frequency	y difficult to buy products a Percent	at full price at any physical Valid Percent	stores. Cumulative Percent
	Strongly Agree		39.9	39.9	39.9
	Agree	1371	50.6	50.6	90.5
X7-1:4	Neutral	182	6.7	6.7	97.2
Valid	Disagree	70	2.6	2.6	99.8
	Strongly Disag	gree 6	0.2	0.2	100
	Total	2712			
	10111	2/12	100	100	
		Perspective towards			
					Cumulative Percent
	1.78	Perspective towards	s discounts pre-onli	ne emergence	Cumulative Percent 0.2
		Perspective towards Frequency	discounts pre-onlin Percent	ne emergence Valid Percent	
	1.78	Perspective towards Frequency 6	discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2	0.2
	1.78 1.89	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8	discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3	0.2 0.5
	1.78 1.89 2	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8	0.2 0.5 2.3
	1.78 1.89 2 3	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1
	1.78 1.89 2 3 3.33	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1 8.2
	1.78 1.89 2 3 3.33 3.44	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1 8.2 8.3
Valid	1.78 1.89 2 3 3.33 3.44 3.56	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1 8.2 8.3 9
Valid	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ \end{array} $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1 8.2 8.3 9 10.5
Valid	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.78 \\ \end{array} $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1 8.2 8.3 9 10.5 14.3
Valid	$ 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.78 \\ 3.89 $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102 159	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1	0.2 0.5 2.3 8.1 8.2 8.3 9 10.5 14.3 20.1
Valid	$ 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.78 \\ 3.89 \\ 4 \\ 4.11 \\ 4.22 \\ $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102 159 1088	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 8.1 \\ 8.2 \\ 8.3 \\ 9 \\ 10.5 \\ 14.3 \\ 20.1 \\ 60.3 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \end{array}$
Valid	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.78 \\ 3.89 \\ 4 \\ 4.11 \\ 4.22 \\ 4.44 \\ \end{array} $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102 159 1088 3 1 1	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 1.8 0.1 0.2 0.3 1.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 0.8 0.9 40.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0.1 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 8.1 \\ 8.2 \\ 8.3 \\ 9 \\ 10.5 \\ 14.3 \\ 20.1 \\ 60.3 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \end{array}$
Valid	$ 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.78 \\ 3.89 \\ 4 \\ 4.11 \\ 4.22 \\ 4.44 \\ 4.56 \\ $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102 159 1088 3 1	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0 0 0 0 0.1	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 8.1 \\ 8.2 \\ 8.3 \\ 9 \\ 10.5 \\ 14.3 \\ 20.1 \\ 60.3 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.5 \end{array}$
Valid	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.78\\ 1.89\\ 2\\ 3\\ 3.33\\ 3.44\\ 3.56\\ 3.67\\ 3.78\\ 3.89\\ 4\\ 4.11\\ 4.22\\ 4.44\\ 4.56\\ 4.67\\ \end{array} $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102 159 1088 3 1 1 2 1	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0 0 0 0.1 0 0.1 0 0 0.1 0 0 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0 0 0 0.1 0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 8.1 \\ 8.2 \\ 8.3 \\ 9 \\ 10.5 \\ 14.3 \\ 20.1 \\ 60.3 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.5 \\ 60.5 \end{array}$
Valid	$ 1.78 \\ 1.89 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.44 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.78 \\ 3.89 \\ 4 \\ 4.11 \\ 4.22 \\ 4.44 \\ 4.56 \\ $	Perspective towards Frequency 6 8 49 156 4 2 20 40 102 159 1088 3 1 1 2	s discounts pre-onlin Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0 0 0 0 0.1	ne emergence Valid Percent 0.2 0.3 1.8 5.8 0.1 0.1 0.7 1.5 3.8 5.9 40.1 0.1 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 8.1 \\ 8.2 \\ 8.3 \\ 9 \\ 10.5 \\ 14.3 \\ 20.1 \\ 60.3 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.4 \\ 60.5 \end{array}$

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		Perspective toward	s discounts post-o	nline emergence	
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	1.22	1	0	0	0
	1.4	1072	39.5	39.5	39.6
	1.6	2	0.1	0.1	39.6
	2.1	31	1.1	1.1	40.8
	2.11	1	0	0	40.8
	2.2	1093	40.3	40.3	81.1
	2.22	4	0.1	0.1	81.3
	2.3	140	5.2	5.2	86.4
	2.33	2	0.1	0.1	86.5
Valid	2.4	94	3.5	3.5	90
	2.5	32	1.2	1.2	91.2
	2.6	16	0.6	0.6	91.7
	2.7	4	0.1	0.1	91.9
	2.8	1	0	0	91.9
	3	156	5.8	5.8	97.7
	3.8	49	1.8	1.8	99.5
	3.9	8	0.3	0.3	99.8
	4	6	0.2	0.2	100
	Total	2712	100	100	

Correlations

		-	Perspective towards
		discounts pre-online	discounts post-online
		emergence	emergence
Perspective towards discounts pre-online	Pearson Correlation	1	990**
emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
	Ν	2712	2712
Perspective towards discounts post-online	Pearson Correlation	990**	1
emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)	0	
	Ν	2712	2712

**. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Correlations

			*	Perspective towards discounts post-online emergence
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	1	880***
	pre-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
Kendall's tau b	pre onine entergence	Ν	2712	2712
Kendan's da_0	Perspective towards discounts post-online emergence	Correlation Coefficient	880**	1
		Sig. (2-tailed)	0	•
	post-online energence	Ν	2712	2712
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	1	935**
	pre-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)		0
Spearman's rho	pre onine entergence	Ν	2712	2712
	Perspective towards discounts	Correlation Coefficient	935**	1
	post-online emergence	Sig. (2-tailed)	0	•
	post-online energence	Ν	2712	2712

**. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

T-TEST

				ľ	Mean	Ν	Ste Dev of	viati	Std. Error Mean
Dein 1	Perspective towards discount emergence	ts pre-	online	4	.267	2712	0.6	96	0.013
Pair 1	Perspective towards discounts emergence	s post-	online	1	.985	2712	0.5	57	0.011
	Paired Samples (Correl	ations						
					N	Cor tio		Sig.	
	Perspective towards discou	unts pr	e-onlin	e					
Pair 1	emergence & Perspective towa	rds dis	scounts	post-	2712	-0.	99	0	
	online emergen	nce							
	Paired Sam	ples Te							
			Paire Std.	d Differ Std.		5%	t	df	Sig. (2-
		Mean	Deviati		Lower		ι	u	tailed)
Pair 1	Perspective towards discounts pre-online emergence - Perspective towards discounts post- online emergence	2.282	1.25	0.024		2.329	95.04	271	1 0

Paired Samples Statistics

Findings – Empirical data perspective

Descriptive	Statistics	N	Minimum	Maximum	Maan	Std. Deviation	Skewness		Kurtonia	
- Online store		N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Deviation	Skewness		Kurtosis	
emergence	Variables	Statistic	Statistic	Statistic	Statistic	Statistic	Statistic	Std. Error	Statistic	Std. Error
Pre-Online	Discount per cent	60	0.01	0.28	0.0745	0.07063	0.998	0.309	-0.022	0.608
	Bills per day per square foot	60	0.01	0.01	0.0100	0.00180	-0.072	0.309	-0.565	0.608
	Average basket size	60	2.23	3.08	2.6647	0.18237	0.186	0.309	0.226	0.608
	Average MRP (INR)	60	538.42	723.68	611.2923	39.09133	0.723	0.309	0.263	0.608
	Average basket value (INR)	60	1188.41	1530.99	1382.1168	72.84902	-0.198	0.309	0.713	0.608
	Volume per day per square foot (INR)	60	0.02	0.04	0.0265	0.00495	0.334	0.309	-0.461	0.608
	Average selling price (INR)	60	407.88	611.42	520.4980	37.10459	-0.452	0.309	0.754	0.608
	Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	60	8.27	18.74	13.7322	2.28834	-0.217	0.309	-0.389	0.608
	Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	60	4.07	8.60	6.4014	0.98200	-0.159	0.309	-0.142	0.608
	Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	60	-1.40	2.10	0.5472	0.78227	-0.242	0.309	0.131	0.608
	Valid N (listwise)	60								
Post-Online	Discount per cent	60	0.07	0.41	0.1713	0.09313	1.131	0.309	0.253	0.608
	Bills per day per square foot	60	0.01	0.02	0.0118	0.00297	0.349	0.309	-0.616	0.608
	Average basket size	60	2.51	3.88	3.0663	0.27195	0.327	0.309	0.908	0.608
	Average MRP (INR)	60	654.18	854.11	727.0897	44.42958	0.676	0.309	-0.110	0.608
	Average basket value (INR)	60	1399.90	2064.48	1680.1193	125.95306	0.840	0.309	2.139	0.608
	Volume per day per square foot (INR)	60	0.01	0.05	0.0360	0.00860	-0.102	0.309	-0.639	0.608
	Average selling price (INR)	60	439.47	650.53	550.8090	49.38695	-0.359	0.309	-0.139	0.608
	Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	60	8.72	29.15	19.6757	4.54101	0.118	0.309	-0.636	0.608
	Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	60	2.91	12.95	7.9485	2.62788	0.037	0.309	-0.927	0.608
	Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	60	-4.34	5.20	0.6985	2.39099	-0.144	0.309	-0.758	0.608
	Valid N (listwise)	60		1						

Des	cripuve Sta	usues	
	_	Std.	Analysis
	Mean	Deviation	Ν
Discount per cent	.1229	.09559	120
Bills per day per square	.0109	.00260	120
foot			
Average basket size	2.8655	.30627	120
Average MRP (INR)	669.1910	71.53161	120
Average basket value	1531.1181	181.34101	120
(INR)			
Volume per day per	.0312	.00849	120
square foot (INR)			
Average selling price	535.6535	46.08142	120
(INR)			
Revenue per day per	16.7039	4.66105	120
square foot (INR)			
Gross margin per day	7.1749	2.12259	120
per square foot (INR)			
Store profit per day per	.6228	1.77301	120
square foot (INR)			

Descriptive Statistics

Communalities

		Extractio
	Initial	n
Discount per cent	1.000	.953
Bills per day per square	1.000	.950
foot		
Average basket size	1.000	.797
Average MRP (INR)	1.000	.854
Average basket value	1.000	.923
(INR)		
Volume per day per	1.000	.993
square foot (INR)		
Average selling price	1.000	.954
(INR)		
Revenue per day per	1.000	.995
square foot (INR)		
Gross margin per day	1.000	.986
per square foot (INR)		
Store profit per day per	1.000	.953
square foot (INR)		
Extraction Method: Princ	ipal Comp	onent

Analysis.

		Discount per cent	Bills per dayper square foot	Average basket size	Average MRP (INR)	Average basket value (INR)	Volume per day per square foot (INR)	Average selling price (INR)	Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	Store profit per day per square foot (INR)
Correlation	Discount per cent	1.000	0.222	0.733	0.706	0.286	0.475	-0.463	0.289	-0.268	-0.509
	Bills per dayper square foot	0.222	1.000	0.128	0.231	0.109	0.911	-0.008	0.901	0.765	0.648
	Average basket size	0.733	0.128	1.000	0.575	0.688	0.506	-0.271	0.394	-0.018	-0.244
	Average MRP (INR)	0.706	0.231	0.575	1.000	0.705	0.435	0.289	0.478	0.085	-0.249
	Average basket value (INR)	0.286	0.109	0.688	0.705	1.000	0.375	0.508	0.512	0.371	0.111
	Volume per day per square foot (INR)	0.475	0.911	0.506	0.435	0.375	1.000	-0.100	0.948	0.664	0.471
	Average selling price (INR)	-0.463	-0.008	-0.271	0.289	0.508	-0.100	1.000	0.209	0.491	0.403
	Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	0.289	0.901	0.394	0.478	0.512	0.948	0.209	1.000	0.831	0.625
	Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	-0.268	0.765	-0.018	0.085	0.371	0.664	0.491	0.831	1.000	0.923
	Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	-0.509	0.648	-0.244	-0.249	0.111	0.471	0.403	0.625	0.923	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	Discount		0.007	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.000
	per cent Bills per dayper square foot	0.007		0.083	0.005	0.119	0.000	0.467	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Average basket size	0.000	0.083		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.421	0.004
	Average MRP (INR)	0.000	0.005	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.178	0.003
	Average basket value (INR)	0.001	0.119	0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.114
	Volume per day per square foot (INR)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.138	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Average selling price (INR)	0.000	0.467	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.138		0.011	0.000	0.000
	Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.011		0.000	0.000
	Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	0.002	0.000	0.421	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000
	Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.003	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

		Tota	l Variance Ex	plained		
	1	Initial Eigenva	lues	Extraction	Sums of Squar	red Loadings
Component	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %
Discount per cent	4.627	46.266	46.266	4.627	46.266	46.260
Bills per day per square foot	3.046	30.460	76.726	3.046	30.460	76.726
Average basket size	1.684	16.844	93.570	1.684	16.844	93.57(
Average MRP (INR)	.578	5.782	99.352			
Average basket value (INR)	.034	.343	99.695			
Volume per day per square foot (INR)	.015	.147	99.842			
Average selling price (INR)	.010	.100	99.942			
Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	.004	.037	99.978			
Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	.001	.014	99.992			
Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	.001	.008	100.000			

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Component Matrix^a

	(Component	t
	1	2	3
Discount per cent	.333	.887	236
Bills per day per square	.842	221	438
foot			
Average basket size	.478	.753	.038
Average MRP (INR)	.556	.617	.405
Average basket value	.622	.321	.658
(INR)			
Volume per day per	.926	.102	353
square foot (INR)			
Average selling price	.256	439	.834
(INR)			
Revenue per day per	.989	075	102
square foot (INR)			
Gross margin per day	.805	579	.056
per square foot (INR)			
Store profit per day per	.576	785	063
square foot (INR)			
Entre atten Mathemali Dates	· 1 C		

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. 3 components extracted.

(Component	t
1	2	3
.072	.291	140
.182	073	260
.103	.247	.023
.120	.202	.241
.134	.105	.391
.200	.033	210
.055	144	.495
.214	025	061
.174	190	.033
.125	258	037
	1 .072 .182 .103 .120 .134 .200 .055 .214 .174	.072 .291 .182 073 .103 .247 .120 .202 .134 .105 .200 .033 .055 144 .214 025 .174 190

Component Score Coefficient Matrix

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Component Score Covariance Matrix

Component	1	2	3
1	1.000	.000	.000
2	.000	1.000	.000
3	.000	.000	1.000

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

T-Test

Paired Samples Statistics

Online sto	re emerg	ence	Mean	Ν	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Pre-Onli	Pair 1	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Bills per day per square foot	.0100	60	.00180	.00023
	Pair 2	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Average basket size	2.6647	60	.18237	.02354
	Pair 3	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Average MRP (INR)	611.2923	60	39.09133	5.04667
	Pair 4	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Volume per day per square foot (INR)	.0265	60	.00495	.00064
	Pair 5	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Average selling price (INR)	520.4980	60	37.10459	4.79018
	Pair 6	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	13.7322	60	2.28834	.29542
	Pair 7	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	6.4014	60	.98200	.12678
	Pair 8	Discount per cent	.0745	60	.07063	.00912
		Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	.5472	60	.78227	.10099
Post-Onl	Pair 1	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Bills per day per square foot	.0118	60	.00297	.00038
	Pair 2	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Average basket size	3.0663	60	.27195	.03511
	Pair 3	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Average MRP (INR)	727.0897	60	44.42958	5.73583
	Pair 4	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Volume per day per square foot (INR)	.0360	60	.00860	.00111
	Pair 5	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Average selling price (INR)	550.8090	60	49.38695	6.37583
	Pair 6	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	19.6757	60	4.54101	.58624
	Pair 7	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	7.9485	60	2.62788	.33926
	Pair 8	Discount per cent	.1713	60	.09313	.01202
		Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	.6985	60	2.39099	.30868

Online sto	re emerg	ence	N	Correlation	Sig.
Pre-Onli F	Pair 1	Discount per cent & Bills per day per square foot	60	.489	.000
	Pair 2	Discount per cent & Average basket size	60	.627	.000
	Pair 3	Discount per cent & Average MRP (INR)	60	.468	.000
	Pair 4	Discount per cent & Volume per day per square foot (INR)	60	.707	.000
	Pair 5	Discount per cent & Average selling price (INR)	60	682	.000
	Pair 6	Discount per cent & Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	60	.450	.000
	Pair 7	Discount per cent & Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	60	159	.225
	Pair 8	Discount per cent & Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	60	326	.011
Post-Onl	Pair 1	Discount per cent & Bills per day per square foot	60	135	.305
	Pair 2	Discount per cent & Average basket size	60	.610	.000
	Pair 3	Discount per cent & Average MRP (INR)	60	.662	.000
	Pair 4	Discount per cent & Volume per day per square foot (INR)	60	.073	.579
	Pair 5	Discount per cent & Average selling price (INR)	60	831	.000
	Pair 6	Discount per cent & Revenue per day per square foot (INR)	60	250	.054
	Pair 7	Discount per cent & Gross margin per day per square foot (INR)	60	715	.000
	Pair 8	Discount per cent & Store profit per day per square foot (INR)	60	733	.000

Paired Samples Correlations

Paired Differences 95% Confidence Interval of the Difference Std. Error Mean Std. Deviation Mean Lower Upper t df Sig. (2-tailed) Online store emergence Pre-Onli Pair 1 Discount per cent - Bills .06452 .06977 .00901 .04649 .08254 7.163 59 .000 per day per square foot Discount per cent --2.55181 000 Pair 2 -2.59022.14868 .01919 -2.62862-13494659 Average basket size Pair 3 Discount per cent --611.21782 39.05835 5.04241 -621.30766 -601.12798 -121.215 59 .000 Average MRP (INR) Pair 4 Discount per cent -.04807 .06722 .00868 .03070 .06543 5.539 59 .000 Volume per day per square foot (INR) Pair 5 Discount per cent --510.82590 -520.42348 37.15279 4.79640 -530.02107 -108.503 59 .000 Average selling price (INR) Pair 6 Discount per cent --13.65768 2.25745 .29144 -14.24084 -13.07452 -46.863 59 .000 Revenue per day per square foot (INR) -6.32685 -6.58406 -6.06964 .000 Pair 7 Discount per cent - Gross .99568 .12854 -49.220 59 margin per day per square foot (INR) Discount per cent - Store -.47268 .80805 .10432 -4.531 .000 Pair 8 -.68142-.26394 59 profit per day per square foot (INR) Post-Onl Pair 1 Discount per cent - Bills .15958 .09358 .01208 .13541 .18376 13.210 59 .000 per day per square foot Discount per cent -Pair 2 -2.89492.22745 .02936 -2.95367 -2.83616 -98.589 59 .000 Average basket size Discount per cent--726.91833 44.36797 -738.37979 -715.45687 .000. Pair 3 5.72788 -126.909 59 Average MRP (INR) Pair 4 Discount per cent -.13530 .09290 .01199 .11130 .15930 11.281 59 .000 Volume per day per square foot (INR) Discount per cent -Pair 5 -550.63767 49.46436 6.38582 -563.41566 -537.85967 -86.228 59 .000 Average selling price (INR) Pair 6 Discount per cent --19.50433 4.56520 .58936 -20.68365 -18.32502 -33.094 59 .000 Revenue per day per square foot (INR) Pair 7 Discount per cent - Gross -7.77717 2.69525 .34795 -8.47342 -7.08091 -22.351 59 .000 margin per day per square foot (INR) Pair 8 Discount per cent - Store - 52717 2.46011 .31760 -1.16268 .10835 -1.660 59 .102 profit per day per square

Paired Samples Test

Analysis Framework (R1 Vs. R2 Vs. R3)

foot (INR)

	Correlation Coefficient			T Test Sig. (2-tailed)		
Variables	Retailer Survey	Consumer Survey	Empirical Data	Retailer Survey	Consumer Survey	Empirical Data
Discount per cent and Bills per day per square foot	-0.621	-0.621	-0.135	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average basket size	-0.270	-0.940	0.610	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average MRP	-0.270	-0.940	0.662	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Volume per day per square foot	-0.389	-0.935	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Average selling price	-0.389	-0.935	-0.831	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Revenue per day per square foot	-0.389	-0.935	-0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Gross margin per day per square foot	-0.286	-1.000	-0.715	0.000	0.000	0.000
Discount per cent and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.286	-1.000	-0.733	0.000	0.000	0.000
Online emergence type and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.621	-0.990	-0.733	0.000	0.000	0.102

	Corre	ation	Sig. (2-tailed)		
Variables under empirical data analysis	Pre-Online	Post-Online	Pre-Online	Post-Online	
Discount per cent and Bills per day per square foot	0.489	-0.135	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Average basket size	0.627	0.610	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Average MRP	0.468	0.662	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Volume per day per square foot	0.707	0.073	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Average selling price	-0.682	-0.831	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Revenue per day per square foot	0.450	-0.250	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Gross margin per day per square foot	-0.159	-0.715	0.000	0.000	
Discount per cent and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.326	-0.733	0.000	0.000	
Online emergence type and Store profit per day per square foot	-0.326	-0.733	0.000	0.102	

Analysis Framework (Pre-Online Vs. Post-Online)

Bricks-and-mortar store profitability, pre and post online emergence in India Store profit per day per square feet Gross margin per day per square feet Revenue per day per square feet Average Selling Price Volume per day per square feet Average Basket Value Average MRP Average Basket Size Bills per day per square feet Discount 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% ■ Pre-Online Sum ■ Post-Online Sum

Pre-Online Vs. Post-Online)

Correlation coefficients

